



### Provision map and ordinarily available SEN provision

At Witchford Village College all young people will have the opportunity to reach their full potential.

We recognize that equality of opportunity does not necessarily mean treating everyone the same and that failure to acknowledge differences can have negative influences on individual and collective identities. We positively welcome the diversity present in our college and recognise that different students may need different support to their peers, and/or over the course of their education.

At Witchford Village College each young person is a unique individual with their own strengths and areas for development. It is therefore not expected that every young person will need every intervention and/or support strategy outlined in the document. Rather, the family, young person and school will work together to identify those that are most helpful. These will be reviewed as the young person makes their way through the school.

# According to the SEN Code of Practice, "A pupil has SEN where their learning difficulty or disability calls for special educational provision, namely provision different from or additional to that normally available to pupils of the same age".

The term 'ordinarily available provision' comes from the SEN code of practice

This document outlines the support and provision that is available to students:

- <u>Universal support</u> is the support that all students receive at Witchford Village College on a day-to-day basis, and benefits everyone. The better our universal support, the fewer students who will need additional support.
- Ordinarily available provision comes from the SEND code of practice and refers to the support that all SEND students can receive. Students do not require a diagnosis or EHCP to access this support.
- Personalised/specialist support is that which is only available to a small minority of students, most of whom will have EHCP, and some of whom will require additional funding to be provided through their EHCP. A very small number of students are allocated Enhanced Resource Base (ERB The Cabin) placements, and information on this can be found here.

We are not able to provide all of the support below, to all students, all of the time, and students will be prioritised for support dependent on need.

A glossary of words used within this document can be found here.

### This document has 2 parts.

#### Part 1 – has eight sections

- Assessment
- Home/School partnership
- Pastoral Care
- The learning environment
- Teaching and learning strategies
- The Learning environment & Resources
- Staff Skills & Training
- Transition and transfer

#### Part 2 – is divided into 4 main areas of need outlined in the SEND Code of Practice.

- Cognition and Learning
- Communication and interaction
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health
- Sensory and/or physical needs

However, it is recognised that needs seldom fall into one discrete category and several areas may need to be considered for the same learner.

## Assessment

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support for students with EHCPs In addition to universal support and ordinarily available provision
All teachers follow the college policies for regular in-class assessment, marking and feedback, and this informs teaching on a classroom and individual level All teachers refer to the SEN department any students they believe may require exam access arrangements, or who may require specialist assessment for potential SEN	Regular use of the assess, plan, do, review cycle is used to ensure learners are making progress.S	Specialist assessments completed as appropriate, possibly by external professionals (which may be subject to referral criteria)
All students screened in year 7 and 9 for basic literacy attainment A wide range of assessments are used to inform planning and interventions, and review progress within interventions	examinations and national tests, and as early as possible for classroom- based work, assessments and mock exams	

## Home/school partnerships

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Parents and carers are aware of who they can contact to discuss their child and staff are helpful in arranging calls/meetings etc as required	Parents/carers are informed about special educational provision/the SEN status of their child	Daily tracker and daily communication home for Cabin students.
Regular opportunities are planned for parents and carers to meet their child's tutor and teachers		

The House team liaise more regularly with parents/carers where there are concerns	Parents/carers are signposted to the local offer (link)	Named adults/keyworkers are allocated to all CABIN students.
Parents carers and young people are actively involved in decision making and their views are sought regularly	Formal and informal events and processes are planned to support the gathering of the views of	Named contact adults/Key contacts are allocated to all
Parents/carers have access to key information and reports through Edulink (i.e. attendance, behaviour points etc)	parents/carers and young people with SEN	EHCP students
Parents and carers are signposted to the local offer: https://send.cambridgeshire.gov.uk/kb5/cambridgeshire/directory/home.page	Learners and staff are involved in the graduated approach: APDR process and reviews	

## **Pastoral Care**

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Awareness and sensitivity of peers and staff towards difference (including SEND) is raised at a whole setting level. Focussed work is planned for classes and groups regarding specific needs or conditions where necessary. A calm, safe learning environment is created by and for all staff and CYP.	Named/key adults are identified for individual students when required. This could be a tutor, teacher, peer mentor, pastoral manager, or classroom teaching assistant.	Time and space and appropriate communication aids are made available for CYP with significant communication needs to
A pastoral support space is well-staffed and available for students throughout the day. CYP can identify a social time 'safe space' The Cube.	All SEND students have a Pupil Passport. All staff know the pupils in their classes with SEND. They know	express themselves. This could include augmented and alternative communication aids such as symbol systems, sign and gesture or
As per the behaviour policy/pastoral curriculum, language in the classroom demonstrates unconditional positive regard for learners (restorative approaches and relationship - based approaches).	how best to support them and their strengths.	text-based systems.

PSHE (i.e., tutor time) is used to develop well-being and resilience.	Named adults/keyworkers are allocated to all CABIN students.
Negative attitudes, beliefs or practices towards individuals or groups are challenged.	Named contact adults/Key
CYP's voices are encouraged through, for example, student councils, pupil representatives, surveys.	contacts are allocated to all EHCP students.
Access to CENTRE 33 counselling (subject to referral and waiting times). CENTRE 33 offer 'walk in' opportunity please use the link for more details <u>https://centre33.org.uk/</u>	

## The learning environment and resources

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Staff are aware of sensory needs and physical accessibility issues that may impact on learners (see physical and sensory needs section) Classrooms are designed to be visually accessible	Extra-curricular activities and educational visits are planned in line with the Equalities Act 2010, and reasonable adjustments are made.	Liaison with NHS OT staff to ensure specialist equipment is suitable, maintained etc
Use of pale background and accessible (i.e. sans serif) font styles on the whiteboard. Where identified learners are signposted to sensory equipment that they require, within what is reasonable, for example, writing slopes, pencil grips, wobble cushions, fidget toys, ear defenders, coloured overlays.	The physical accessibility of the building and individual learning spaces is assessed regularly and adapted within reason in line with the Equality Act – see Accessibility Plan on the College website	
Physical resources such as PE and Maths equipment are adapted within reason to promote independence for example, different size balls.		

ICT is used to support alternatives to written recording and to promote independent	Fully accessible disabled toilets are available	
learning.		

## **Teaching and learning**

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Lessons are well-planned and routinely involve scaffolding, modelling, and assessment for learning.	Pupil Passports are available and known by staff.	Planning incorporates more detailed specialist advice.
Staff have high expectations of students and set a high level of challenge. Lessons are planned to encourage active engagement.		Use of additional adults (i.e. TAs) is planned to maximise their impact on learning.
Manipulatives and concrete examples are used where possible i.e. number lines, manipulatives. Explicit teaching of key words/vocabulary		Support beyond the classroom is facilitated by TAs, but teachers and the SEND team are responsible
Adaptive teaching strategies used by teachers (differentiation) (including for homework) provides suitable learning challenges and caters for different learning needs, including the need for repetition and overlearning of key concepts.		and accountable. Additional adults are used to support independence rather than
Aspects of structured teaching are used according to pupil needs, for example, visual timetables, clear concise instructions with written or visual prompts (for example, task planners).		create dependence.

Learners are given time to process information before being asked to respond.	
Practitioners are aware of the additional needs of their learners; understand the nature and impact of these and how to respond to them.	
Seating plans and groupings take account of individual needs and routinely provide opportunities for access to role models, mixed-ability groups, structured opportunities for conversation and sharing of ideas, with access to additional adults where they are available.	
See also cognition and learning section	

## Staff skills and training

Universal support (i.e., quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
There is a planned programme of ongoing CPD in relation to SEND for the whole setting and individual teams and departments.	Targeted student strategy meetings for staff.	Specific staff members receive more specialist training from outside
Staff collaborate and best practice is shared.	Specific staff members receive more specialist training from outside	agencies/professionals as and when required.
The college has effective links with other relevant outside agencies and specialists.	agencies/professionals as and when required.	

## **Transition and transfer**

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Staff provide support and guidance around transitions, such as from College to post-16, and this includes a College careers advisor and referral to the local authority senior transitions advisor.	Additional opportunities for information sharing between settings as required.	Additional adult (i.e., TA) support provided to support with transition visits.
Staff are aware of those who will need additional support and plan for this.	Additional opportunities created for transition visits as required, as well as resources to support transition such as	Referral to the additional needs pathway advisor (ERB
Information is actively sought and shared about learners to support successful transitions and manage change both within the setting and beyond. This information is available for the learner's parents and carers, other colleagues within the setting and receiving or previous settings as required.	photographs, social stories etc.	only).

## Part 2:

In addition to the above, some young people may need support as outlined in some or all of the areas below.

### **Cognition and Learning**

### **Approaches and Strategies**

- Differentiated to ensure the development of literacy, numeracy, expressive language, communication skills, minimise unhelpful behaviour and emotional difficulties and promotion of appropriate interpersonal skills with other students
- Arrangements to support the use and delivery of approaches/materials for students with Specific Learning Difficulties (SpLD) which may include a focus on phonological awareness or motor skills programme.
- > Effective use of **IT** equipment to support learning
- > Teaching assistants are trained and skilled in supporting students with general and specific learning difficulties.

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Use of specialist standardised literacy and numeracy tests to understand learning needs and to measure progress.	Specific literacy interventions (see literacy policy) such as	Pre-teaching and overlearning
Lunch time catch up Revision sessions	<ul> <li>Lexonic</li> <li>Leap</li> <li>Switch on</li> </ul>	Small group interventions as required
Faculty homework catch up Dyslexia Friendly classrooms	Assessment through learning to identify areas of need.	Adapted timetable to meet individual need
Use of IT to support learning.	Clear information about time missed in education and the knock-on effect.	Where identified targeted support - English and Maths
A whole school vocabulary approach	Social stories	
Use of task planners, where appropriate embedded into teaching. Recap and pre -learning incorporated into lessons.	Chunking, cognitive load and working memory supported	
Consideration of EAL - fluency at home.	A neurodiverse approach to celebrate the strengths of each learner.	
	Timetable Rockstars	
	Targeted interventions	
See teaching and learning section		

### Social, Emotional and Mental Health

Universal support (i.e. quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Follow college absence policy to allow for early identification of CYP at risk on non-attendance, and to actively involve parents/carers and young people Buddy/peer support	Small group social skills/emotional regulation group (focus dependent on the needs of the young people) for a finite amount of time.	Liaison with professionals/specialists as appropriate (may be subject to a referral and referral criteria)
Risk assessments as appropriate Professional/multidisciplinary meetings The careful use of reduced timetable/IAEPs	Identified small group bespoke PSHE sessions delivered, and therapeutic interventions delivered.	Social skills teaching embedded into the curriculum (ERB only)
Referral to CENTRE 33, CAMHS, KOOTH or other agencies. Trained emotional literacy support		
Identifying patterns in behaviour (i.e. through anxiety mapping) and understanding behaviour by pastoral support. Social time 'safe space		
Follow college behaviour policy i.e., de-escalation, STEPS and unconditional positive regard.		
Student Support mentor meetings See also pastoral care		

### Physical and Sensory

Universal support (i.e., quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Follow specific guidance around reasonable adjustments for specific impairments i.e., hearing impairment – support lip reading by facing the speaker	Where identified sensory needs considered and adaptions made.	Liaison with professionals/specialists as appropriate
Learners' physical/medical and sensory needs are known and used to plan seating arrangements and movement breaks	Modified exam resources are applied for when evidenced.	Manual handling training, intimate care plans as
See also physical environment and resources	Manual handling training, intimate care plans as appropriate	appropriate Direct delivery of physiotherapy/occupational therapy plans by trained TAs (under advice from NHS)

### **Communication and Interaction**

Universal support (i.e., quality first teaching)	Ordinarily available provision for SEN students In addition to universal support	Personalised/specialist support In addition to universal support and targeted support
Modelling and scaffolding of appropriate language Tailor delivery style according to the learner's needs for example, give name and clear short instruction or language modification techniques (i.e., avoiding sarcasm and figures of speech).	Access to an oral language modifier for assessments in accordance with JCQ regulations (The Oral Language Modifier (OLM) is a role created to provide a reasonable adjustment in examinations for candidates who require a level of	One to one or small group speech and language sessions with a teaching assistant to work through any NHS therapist recommended programs and/or the teaching of vocabulary, such
Traffic light/visual & written aids communication to support learning		as word aware.

		Providing an additional method of communicating, for example, use of ICT, symbol communication (PECS). This could include the use of technology as well as approaches that do not use technology.
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### **Medical conditions**

See separate policy.



